



#### General

#### Title

Antibiotic utilization: summary of outpatient utilization of antibiotic prescriptions during the measurement year, stratified by age and gender.

### Source(s)

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 1, narrative. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015. various p.

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 2, technical specifications for health plans. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015. various p.

#### Measure Domain

### Primary Measure Domain

Related Health Care Delivery Measures: Use of Services

# Secondary Measure Domain

Does not apply to this measure

# **Brief Abstract**

# Description

This measure summarizes the following data on outpatient utilization of antibiotic prescriptions during the measurement year, stratified by age and gender:

- Total number of antibiotic prescriptions
- Average number of antibiotic prescriptions per member per year (PMPY)
- Total days supplied for all antibiotic prescriptions
- Average days supplied per antibiotic prescription
- Total number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern
- Average number of prescriptions PMPY for antibiotics of concern
- Percentage of antibiotics of concern for all antibiotic prescriptions
- Average number of antibiotics PMPY, reported by drug class:
  - For selected "antibiotics of concern"

For all other antibiotics

#### Rationale

Measures in the HEDIS Use of Services domain gather information about how organizations manage the provision of member care and how they use and manage resources. Use of services is affected by many member characteristics, which can vary greatly among organizations, and include age and sex, current medical condition, socioeconomic status and regional practice patterns (Medicare Payment Advisory Commission [MeDPAC], 2007).

This measure assesses the number of all antibiotic prescriptions to enrolled members, as well as antibiotics of concern, to encourage plans to reduce potential overuse, which may contribute to drug resistance.

#### Evidence for Rationale

Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MedPAC). Report to congress: promoting greater efficiency in Medicare. Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MedPAC); 2007.

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 1, narrative. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015. various p.

### **Primary Health Components**

Antibiotic prescriptions

### **Denominator Description**

For commercial, Medicaid, and Medicare product lines, all member months for the measurement year for members with the pharmacy benefit, stratified by age and gender (see the related "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field)

# **Numerator Description**

This measure summarizes the following data on outpatient utilization of antibiotic prescriptions during the measurement year, stratified by age and gender:

- Total number of antibiotic prescriptions
- Average number of antibiotic prescriptions per member per year (PMPY)
- Total days supplied for all antibiotic prescriptions
- · Average days supplied per antibiotic prescription
- Total number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern
- Average number of prescriptions PMPY for antibiotics of concern
- Percentage of antibiotics of concern for all antibiotic prescriptions
- Average number of antibiotics PMPY, reported by drug class:
  - For selected "antibiotics of concern"
  - For all other antibiotics

See the related "Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions" field.

# Evidence Supporting the Measure

#### Type of Evidence Supporting the Criterion of Quality for the Measure

A formal consensus procedure, involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, public health and organizational sciences

### Additional Information Supporting Need for the Measure

Unspecified

#### **Extent of Measure Testing**

All HEDIS measures undergo systematic assessment of face validity with review by measurement advisory panels, expert panels, a formal public comment process and approval by the National Committee for Quality Assurance's (NCQA's) Committee on Performance Measurement and Board of Directors. Where applicable, measures also are assessed for construct validity using the Pearson correlation test. All measures undergo formal reliability testing of the performance measure score using beta-binomial statistical analysis.

#### Evidence for Extent of Measure Testing

Rehm B. (Assistant Vice President, Performance Measurement, National Committee for Quality Assurance, Washington, DC). Personal communication. 2015 Mar 16. 1 p.

### State of Use of the Measure

State of Use

Current routine use

#### Current Use

not defined yet

# Application of the Measure in its Current Use

### Measurement Setting

Ambulatory/Office-based Care

Hospital Outpatient

Managed Care Plans

# Professionals Involved in Delivery of Health Services

not defined yet

# Least Aggregated Level of Services Delivery Addressed

Single Health Care Delivery or Public Health Organizations

Statement of Acceptable Minimum Sample Size
Unspecified
Target Population Age
All ages
Target Population Gender
Either male or female
National Strategy for Quality Improvement in Health Care
National Quality Strategy Priority
Institute of Medicine (IOM) National Health Care Quality Report Categories
IOM Care Need
Not within an IOM Care Need
IOM Domain
Not within an IOM Domain
Data Collection for the Measure
Case Finding Period
The measurement year
Denominator Sampling Frame
Enrollees or beneficiaries
Denominator (Index) Event or Characteristic
Patient/Individual (Consumer) Characteristic
Denominator Time Window

not defined yet

#### **Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions**

#### Inclusions

For commercial, Medicaid, and Medicare product lines, all member months for the measurement year for members with the pharmacy benefit, stratified by age and gender. Refer to *Specific Instructions for Use of Service Tables* in the original measure documentation for more information

**Exclusions** 

Unspecified

# Exclusions/Exceptions

not defined yet

#### Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions

#### Inclusions

This measure summarizes the following data on outpatient utilization of antibiotic prescriptions during the measurement year, stratified by age and gender:

- Total number of antibiotic prescriptions. Total number of all antibiotic prescriptions for the measurement year of any duration of the medication.
- Average number of antibiotic prescriptions per member per year (PMPY). Annual total number of antibiotic prescriptions PMPY = [Total number of antibiotic prescriptions in the year/member months for members with a pharmacy benefit] x 12 months.
- Total days supplied for all antibiotic prescriptions. Count the number of days supplied for all antibiotic prescriptions during the
  measurement year. Identify the number of days supplied for each antibiotic prescription and sum the days for all antibiotic prescriptions
  during the measurement year.
- Average number of days supplied per antibiotic prescription. Average number of days supplied per prescription = [Total days supplied for all antibiotics prescriptions in the year/Total number of antibiotic prescriptions in the year]
- Total number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern. Total number of all prescriptions for antibiotics of concern during the measurement year.
- Average number of prescriptions PMPY for antibiotics of concern. Annual total number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern PMPY = [Annual number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern/member months for members with a pharmacy benefit] x 12 months.
- Percentage of antibiotics of concern of all antibiotic prescriptions. Percentage of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern of all antibiotic prescriptions = [Total number of prescriptions for antibiotics of concern in the year/Total number of antibiotic prescriptions in the year].
- Average number of antibiotics PMPY reported by drug class. Utilization of antibiotic prescriptions by drug class for the following:
  - Antibiotics of concern. Utilization of antibiotics of concern by the following antibiotic drug classes:
    - Amoxicillin/clavulanate
    - Azithromycin and clarithromycin
    - Cephalosporin (includes second, third, and fourth-generation cephalosporins)
    - Clindamycin
    - Ketolide
    - Ouinolone
    - Miscellaneous antibiotics of concern
  - All other antibiotics. Utilization of all other antibiotics by the following antibiotic drug classes:
    - Absorbable sulfonamide
    - Aminoglycoside
    - Cephalosporin (includes first generation only)
    - Lincosamide (other than clindamycin)
    - Macrolide (other than azithromycin and clarithromycin)
    - Penicillin (other than amoxicillin/clavulanate)
    - Tetracycline
    - Miscellaneous antibiotics

Note: Refer to Tables ABX-A in the original measure documentation for a list of antibiotic medications, ABX-B for a list of antibiotics of concern by NCQA drug class, and ABX-C for a list of all other antibiotics by NCQA drug class.
Exclusions Unspecified
Numerator Search Strategy
Fixed time period or point in time
Data Source
Administrative clinical data
Pharmacy data
Type of Health State
Does not apply to this measure
Instruments Used and/or Associated with the Measure
Unspecified
Computation of the Measure
Measure Specifies Disaggregation
Does not apply to this measure
Scoring
Rate/Proportion
Ratio
Interpretation of Score
Does not apply to this measure (i.e., there is no pre-defined preference for the measure score)
Allowance for Patient or Population Factors
not defined yet
Description of Allowance for Patient or Population Factors
This measure requires that separate rates be reported for commercial—by product or combined HMO/POS, total Medicaid, Medicaid/Medicare dual-eligibles, Medicaid—disabled, Medicaid—other low income, and Medicare product lines.

Measure results are stratified by age and gender.

### Standard of Comparison

not defined yet

# **Identifying Information**

### Original Title

Antibiotic utilization (ABX).

#### Measure Collection Name

HEDIS 2016: Health Plan Collection

#### Measure Set Name

Utilization and Risk Adjusted Utilization

#### Measure Subset Name

Utilization

#### Submitter

National Committee for Quality Assurance - Health Care Accreditation Organization

### Developer

National Committee for Quality Assurance - Health Care Accreditation Organization

# Funding Source(s)

Unspecified

# Composition of the Group that Developed the Measure

National Committee for Quality Assurance's (NCQA's) Measurement Advisory Panels (MAPs) are composed of clinical and research experts with an understanding of quality performance measurement in the particular clinical content areas.

#### Financial Disclosures/Other Potential Conflicts of Interest

In order to fulfill National Committee for Quality Assurance's (NCQA's) mission and vision of improving health care quality through measurement, transparency and accountability, all participants in NCQA's expert panels are required to disclose potential conflicts of interest prior to their participation. The goal of this Conflict Policy is to ensure that decisions which impact development of NCQA's products and services are made as objectively as possible, without improper bias or influence.

### Adaptation

This measure was not adapted from another source.

### Date of Most Current Version in NQMC

2015 Oct

#### Measure Maintenance

Unspecified

### Date of Next Anticipated Revision

Unspecified

#### Measure Status

This is the current release of the measure.

This measure updates previous versions:

- National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2015: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 1, narrative. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2014. various p.
- National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2015: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 2, technical specifications for health plans. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2014. various p.

### Measure Availability

Source available for purchase from the	National Committee for Quality Me	asurement (NCQA) Web site	
For more information, contact NCQA	at 1100 13th Street, NW, Suite 100	00, Washington, DC 20005; Phone	: 202-955-3500; Fax: 202-955-
3599; Web site: www.ncqa.org			

### Companion Documents

The following is available:

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 2, technical update. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015 Oct 1. 12 p.

For more information, contact the National Committee for Quality Assurance (N	NCQA) at 1100 13th Stre	eet, NW, Suite 1000,	Washington, DC
20005; Phone: 202-955-3500; Fax: 202-955-3599; Web site: www.ncqa.org			

#### **NQMC Status**

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on March 27, 2009. The information was verified by the measure developer on May 29, 2009.

This NQMC summary was updated by ECRI Institute on February 8, 2010 and on June 8, 2011.

This NQMC summary was retrofitted into the new template on July 4, 2011.

This NQMC summary was updated by ECRI Institute on October 5, 2012, August 5, 2013, March 3, 2014, April 10, 2015, and again on March 29, 2016.

### Copyright Statement

This NQMC summary is based on the original measure, which is subject to the measure developer's copyright restrictions.

For detailed specifications regarding the National Committee on Quality Assurance (NCQA) measures, refer to *HEDIS Volume 2: Technical Specifications for Health Plans*, available from the NCQA Web site at www.ncqa.org

### **Production**

### Source(s)

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 1, narrative. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015. various p.

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). HEDIS 2016: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. Vol. 2, technical specifications for health plans. Washington (DC): National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA); 2015. various p.

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